UK- THE ORIGINS

Normands

- william ruled dukedom of normandy
- rule based on ownerships of the land
- Claim english crown
- william's army 8.000 warriors
- cavalry 3.000 men supported by archers and infantry
- harold and normandy faced each other 14th october 1066
- Harold was hit in the eye by an arrow and killed by 4 norman knights.
- Normans declared victory

Vickings

- crossed Atlantic looking treasure, cattle and slaves
- set up colonies with 'Norseman' culture
- 793 sacked Lindisfarne, destroying 100 manuscripts
- 9th century viking invasion of britain
  - Occupation
    - viking began to settle and intermarry
- Established Danelaw, which was a code of Danish laws
  - language
    - language blended with that of the local population

Anglo saxons

- 5th and 6th centuries
- North sea region and northern europe
  - -jutes
  - -angles
  - -saxons
- Settled south of Hadrian's wall
  - Lowland rather and were looking for farmland
- society: loyalty family, centre life was hall
- 7th centuries Boundaries of the anglo-saxons kingdoms
  - Heptarchy or seven kingdoms
    - Wessex is the most important

Celts

- 700BC began to arrive
- - Tall and mascular
  - fair skin
  - -blue eyes
  - - blond hair
- intruduced the iron plough
- women equal to men
- Druits
  - Celts' priests
  - -religion
  - -justice
  - -education
  - -medicine
- -immortality
  - -transmigration of the soul

Romans

- 55-54BC
  - Julius caesar led invasion
  - Fifteen generations britain part of roman empire
  - Not conquered until 43-47AD
    - Emperor claudius
- Attracted rich agricoltur in south, tin and lead in the west
- Pagan religion and cristianity
- 9.600 kilometres of paved roads
- connected towns
- brought culture, latin and cristianity
- 122AD emperor Hadrian ordered a wall to be built